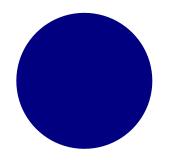


## GEOG 178/258 Week 6:

## **Midterm Practice**

mike johnson





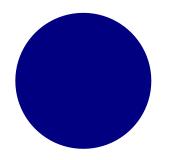




## What are the three components needed for declaring a variable?

1)Type 2)Name 3)Value





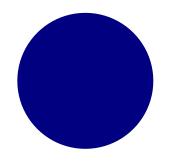




# List the primitive types of variables is Java:

Double
 Int
 Float
 Long

- 5) Boolean
- 6) Char
- 7) Short
- 8) Byte

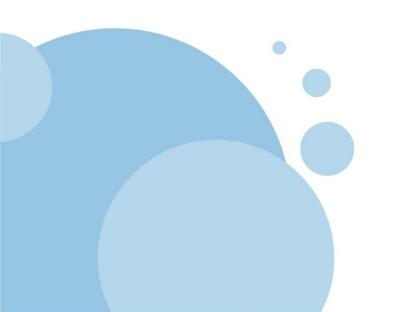


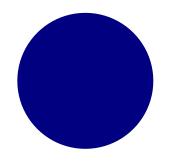




## Write a line to create a value x that equals 100

int x = 100;





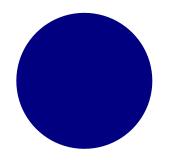




## Write a line to create a value y that equals 10.75:

double y = 10.75;





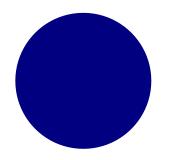




# What is the general form of a while loop?

While (condition) {
 statements;

}



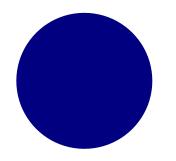


### Create a specific instance of a 'while loop' and explain what it does

int count = 1;

```
while (count <= 10) {
    System.out.println("The count is: " + " * ");
    count++;</pre>
```

When run, this loop will print the statement "The count is "\_\_\_\_"." Count is an integer variable initialized to 1. After each print statement count is increased by one. The loop will terminate once x is not less than or equal to 10.



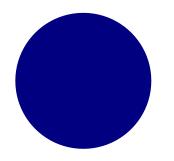




### What is the general form of a 'ifelse statement:

for(initialization; termination; increment) {
 statements;





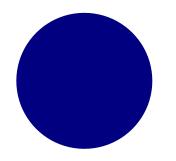


# Create a specific instance of a 'for loop' and explain what it does?

```
for( int i = 1; i < 11; i++){
    System.out.println("("The count is: " + i );
}</pre>
```

When run, this loop will print the statement "The count is "\_\_\_\_"."

I is an integer variable initialized to 1. After each print statement count is increased by one. The loop will terminate once x is not less than 11.



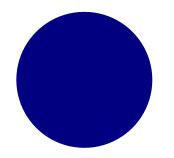




### What is the general form of a 'ifelse' statement

if(condition) {statement;}
 else {statement;}





Week 6

### Sample Answers

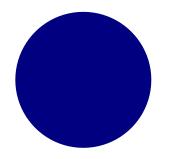
### Create a specific instance of a 'ifelse statement and explain what it does:

int rawScore= 76; char grade;

```
if (testscore >= 90) { grade = 'A';}
else if (rawScore >= 80) {grade = 'B';}
else if (rawScore >= 70) {grade = 'C';}
else if (rawScore >= 60) {grade = 'D';}
else {grade = 'F';}
```

System.out.println("Students Grade: " + grade);

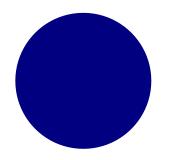
This loop takes a integer value and assigns a 'letter grade' to that value through a set of conditions. Every integer value can only meet one condition and if no condition is met then the 'catch all' grade of 'F' will be assigned.



Week 6 Sample Answers

### Explain public vs. private

Public and private are access modifiers that correspond to the visibility of a object, variable or class. If a member is private it is only accessible within the class it is declared. However if a member is private it is accessible at the class, package, subclass, and world level.

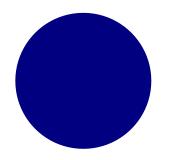




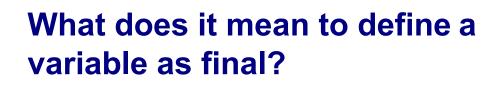


The static keyword denotes a member variable, or method, that can be accessed without requiring an instantiation of the class to which it belongs.

In simple terms, it means that you can call a method or variable, even if you've never created the object to which it belongs!

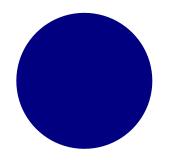


Week 6 Sample Answers



The final keyword in java is used to restrict the modification of a class, method or a variable. A final class can not be extended, a final method cannot be overridden and we cannot change the value of a final variable.

If you make a variable final, you will not be able to change it.

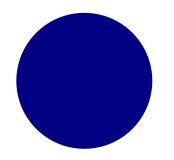




#### Sample Answers

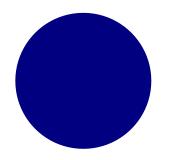
Give three real-life examples of a class and object (example chairs are a class and recliner is an object)

Ellison hall is an object of class building
 Granny Smith is an object of class apple
 Coke is an object of class beverage
 Robin is an object of class bird
 ...



Week 6 Sample Answers public class 2 ponvate final double PI = 3. 1459; (a) +1 ponvate double radius; public circle () & B +1 radius = 0.0; \$ . public circle (double r) & } C +1 radius = r; S public void set Redivs (double r) E radius 2 r; 3 public double get Radius () E return radius; 3 public double calculate Area () E } () + ) return PI·radius·radius; } 3

The method signature for calculate Area() is if (F) +1 calculate Area (double)



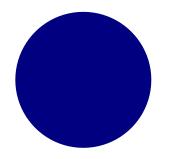
Week 6

#### Sample Answers

## What is the purpose of a default constructor:

A default constructor is a constructor which can be called with no arguments (either defined with an empty parameter list, or with default arguments provided for every parameter).

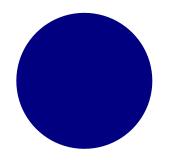
It can be used to call the super class constructor and initialize all instance variables.



Week 6 Sample Answers

### What is meant by inheritance?

Inheritance is a mechanism wherein a new class is derived from an existing class. In Java, classes may inherit or acquire the properties and methods of other classes. A class derived from another class is called a subclass, whereas the class from which a subclass is derived is called a superclass.



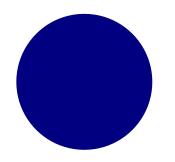


### What does 'this' in Java refer to?

This is a reference variable that refers to the current object. More info can be found here:

http://www.javatpoint.com/this-keyword





Week 6 Sample

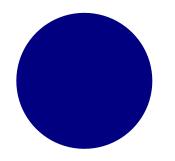
Answers

## What's the difference between an array and an arrayList?

An array can only hold a fixed number of elements, defined at creation, of a primitive variable type.

An array list can change size after creation and is able to hold nonprimitive data types.



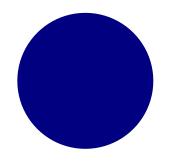




### Is this statement valid: boolean isOn = True;

No, Boolean values in java are define by lowercase true and false



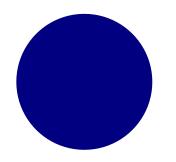




### Is this statement valid: int class = 34;

#### No, class is a reserved word in Java





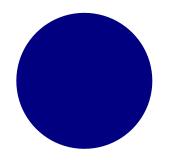
### Is this statement valid:

int[] values = new int[3]; values[1] = 34 values[2] = 45; values[3] = 78;

No, Java is zero-indexed thus this example is trying to fill the 4<sup>th</sup> (ie non existent portion of the array values.





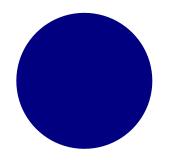




#### Is this statement valid:

char city = "SB";

No, char is only able to hold one letter in memeory.

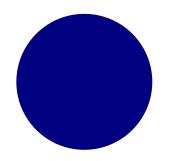




#### Is this statement valid:

string 1stPlace = "Jack";

No, a variable cannot begin with a number.





**Answers** 

### Is this statement valid:

#### int cost = 1000000000;

No, the value 10,000,000,000 exceeds the maximum value of int. (2,147,483,647)

